



DR. CARL DIRAIMONDO
TOTAL KNEE ARTHROPLASTY POST-OP THERAPY PROTOCOL

Patient is highly encouraged to attend joint school 1-2 weeks prior to their surgery.

PREHAB: Education on adaptive equipment/assistive device, mobility, home environment, DEP, caregiver assist, don/doff T.E.D. stockings.

Phase 1 – Acute (POD 0-1, hospital discharge x2 days)
(continued on next page)

<p>Goals for Phase 1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ROM 0-90 • Safe car transfer 	<p>Precautions for Phase 1:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No twisting/pivoting upon leg
---	--

OT Goals

- Shower/Bathing:
 - Complete full shower at modified independent, sitting/standing depending on plan to sit/stand at home
 - If patient has tub/shower, complete transfer at modified independent to home plan (transfer bench or stepping into tub)
- Dressing:
 - Don lower body street clothing including pants, standard socks, shoes at modified independent or independent. Use AD ONLY if needed, promote as close to baseline function as possible
 - Doff/don of TEDs and Tetragrips at modified independent or have caregiver demonstrate doff/don
 - Education in DVT prevention and s/s of blood clots
- Grooming:
 - Tolerate standing activity sink side to complete grooming/oral cares at supervision
- Toileting:
 - Transfer, hygiene, and clothing management at modified independent

PT Goals

- Perform bed mobility modified independently
- Perform transfers modified independently from all surfaces
- Ambulate 150 feet modified independently
- Perform stair mobility with supervision
- Independent with HEP of phase 1

POD 0-3

- Evaluation:
 - Pain
 - ROM
 - Quad contraction, LE strength
 - Ambulation/transfers
 - ADLs
 - Edema
 - Patient-reported OM – KOOS, JR



Phase 1 – Acute (POD 0-1, hospital discharge x2 days)

- Treatment:
 - ROM:
 - Manual
 - Consider joint mobilization: patellar, PA/AP tibial mobilization (grade I/II) soft tissue mobilization
 - Therapeutic exercise: heel slides, knee flexion seated, knee extension, hangs ankle pumps
 - Strengthening:
 - Aurora Rehab Book Exercises for phase 1:
 - Breathing exercises
 - Glut sets
 - Quad sets
 - Supine hip abduction
 - Terminal knee extension/short arc quad
 - Straight leg raise (active/active assisted)
 - Adductor sets
 - Long arc quad/knee extension
 - Sitting push ups
 - Gait Training:
 - Use of AD, normalize gait, WB
 - Emphasis on heel strike, push off at toe-off, normal knee excursions
 - Proper fit of equipment, with FWW patient is closer to household ambulation speed than standard walker
 - Edema Management:
 - Compression – Tetragrip, ACE wrap, TED stockings
 - Massage
 - Cryotherapy
 - Electrical stimulation
 - Positioning
 - Avoid pillow under knee
 - Turning every two hours from supine to side lying
 - A towel should be placed at the ankle to promote knee extension when supine in bed
 - Nutrition:
 - Aurora Handout – *Wound Healing Nutrition Guidelines*



DR. CARL DIRAIMONDO
TOTAL KNEE ARTHROPLASTY POST-OP THERAPY PROTOCOL

Phase 2 – Sub-Acute (1-4 weeks)
(continued on next page)

Goals for Phase 2

- ROM 0-105 degrees
- 75% independent with HEP

Office Visits

- See physician's nurse at 2-2.5 weeks 2x/week unless otherwise stated by physician

Evaluation

- Pain
- Incision/swelling
- ROM – focus on full active extension
- Patellar mobility
- Quad contraction, LE strength
- Ambulation/transfers
- Patient-reported OM – LEFS/KOOS

Treatment

- Wound:
 - Scar tissue mobilization until incision moves freely over subcutaneous tissue with education on home completion
- ROM:
 - Manual: (joint mobilizations, PROM, contract relax soft tissue mobilization – IASTM as indicated and myofascial release)
 - Grade I-II joint mobilizations for pain
 - Grade III-IV for increasing motion
 - Tibiofemoral joint position into restricted motion:
 - Posterior glide to increase flexion
 - Anterior glide to increase extension
 - Patellofemoral joint position into restricted motion:
 - Distal/inferior glide to increase flexion
 - Medial/lateral glide for patellar mobility
- Strengthening:
 - Therapeutic exercise: quad is most important, then hamstring, important to also focus on all lower extremity musculature including hip and ankle. Utilize NMES over the quadricep paired with active exercise: (continued on next page)
 - Quadriceps isometrics
 - SAQ
 - SLR
 - LAQ
 - Prone TKE
 - Standing TKE
 - Step up
 - Squat
 - Heel slides
 - Knee flexion seated



Phase 2 – Sub-Acute (1-4 weeks)

- Knee extension hangs
- Ankle pumps
- Bike
- Closed chain
- Hamstring
- Hip strength, non-weight bearing and weight bearing
- Flexibility and stretching:
 - Quadricep, hamstring, hip flexor, psoas, gastroc, ITB, adductor – work into multiplane stretching
- Gait:
 - Progress out of AD, normalize gait, WB
 - AD are discontinued when patient demos adequate LE strength/balance during functional activities
 - Stairs when patient has sufficient concentric/eccentric strength
- Balance training:
 - **1-2 weeks:** Side stepping
 - **1-4 weeks:** Braiding activities
 - **2-4 weeks:** Tandem walk
 - **3-5 weeks:** Cross-over steps
 - **3-5 weeks:** Shuttle walking
- Modalities:
 - NMES* if atrophy or poor quad contraction present
 - ES+ for edema if edema present
- Patient education on footwear, need for OTC/custom orthotics to aide in alignment

* Pulse width 20-60 μ sec, freq 30-50 pps, intensity to tolerance + a little more, Time 10-30 min (on 5 sec, off 5 sec), daily (5x/week)

+ Edema: Pulse width 200-400 μ sec, freq 5 pps, intensity: strong but tolerable contractions, duration: 30 minutes, 2 x/day best, 1 electrode over 1-2 muscle distal to edema and other electrode over 1-2 muscles proximal to edema



DR. CARL DIRAIMONDO
TOTAL KNEE ARTHROPLASTY POST-OP THERAPY PROTOCOL

Phase 3 – Return to Function (5-8 weeks)

Goals for Phase 3

- ROM 0-120
- 4+/5 for all lower extremity strength
- Normalized gait
- 100% Independent with HEP
- Fitness/wellness program
- Return to activities
 - Low impact aerobics, bowling, golf, dancing, walking, swimming

Evaluation

- Pain
- Incision/swelling
- ROM
- Patellar mobility
- Quad contraction, LE strength
- Ambulation/transfers
- Patient reported OM – LEFS/KOOS

Treatment

- EOM
 - Same as phase 2

Manual Joint Mobilizations

- Tibiofemoral
- Patellofemoral
- Contract-relax
- Soft tissue mobilization – IASTM as indicated, myofascial release
- Strengthening
 - Same as phase II, plus
 - Weight machines, continue to emphasize hip/glut strength
- Gait training
 - Normalize gait on various surfaces, stairs
- Balance training
 - Cross-over steps
 - Shuttle walking
 - **4-6 weeks:** Multiple changes in direction
 - **4-6 weeks:** Foam activity
 - **6-8 weeks:** BAPS board or tilt board
 - Balance beam forward and backward walk
- Modalities
 - NMES* if atrophy or poor quad contraction present.
 - ES+ for edema if edema present

* Pulse width 20-60 μ sec, freq 30-50 pps, intensity to tolerance + a little more, Time 10-30 min (on 5 sec, off 5 sec), daily (5x/week)

+ Edema: Pulse width 200-400 μ sec, freq 5 pps, intensity: strong but tolerable contractions, duration: 30 minutes, 2 x/day best, 1 electrode over 1-2 muscle distal to edema and other electrode over 1-2 muscles proximal to edema